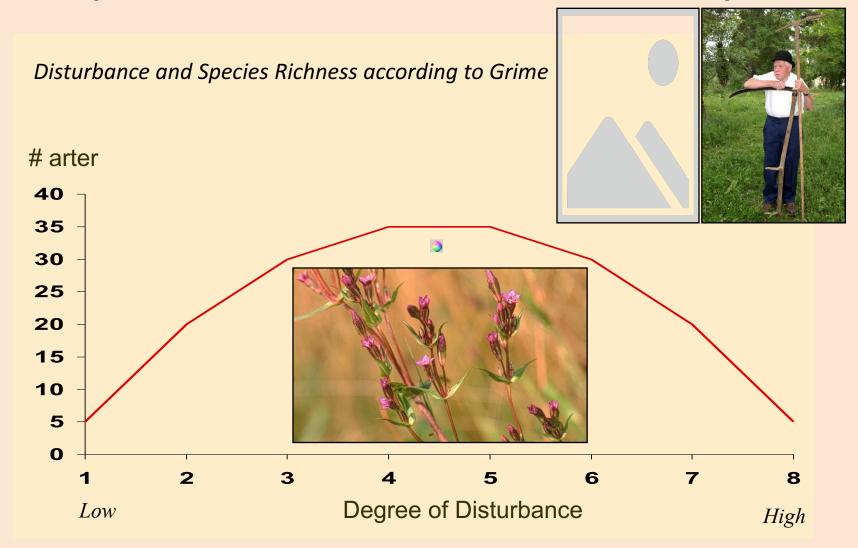




WWF Why are Semi-natural Grasslands so rich in Species?





Species favoured by grazing

....or the losers when grazing ceases















Bumblebee tongues



Bombus hortorum



Bombus subterraneus



Bombus distinguendus



Bombus pascuorus



Bombus hypnorum



Bombus pratorum



Value of Ecological Services

Pollination in Europe, apr. 15 billion USD

Pest management, apr. 100 billion USD globally

• Soil-improvement, apr. 25 billion USD globally







The Farmer's dual mission

Producer of food

"Green" products with added values

Producer of species-rich landscapes
Tax revenue (e.g. EU payments)





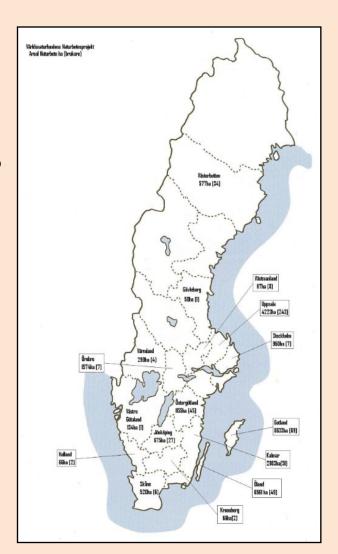




25 years with Semi-natural Grasslands

- 30 000 ha restored
- 70 milj Euro to farmers
- Funds switched up w EU-funds
- Wetland grass and biogas







Pasture Meat with added values!



- Environment
- Local product
- Eating Quality
- Animal Welfare
- Brand protected





Third Party Certification



- Many wants to Ride on the Wave of the Environment
- Criteria guarantee environmental, animal welfare and eating quality









Threats



- Semi-natural Grasslands decrease (-70 000 ha 2005-13)
- Unsecure payments and financial deficits
- SNG is labour intensive
- Competition from common meat and foreign



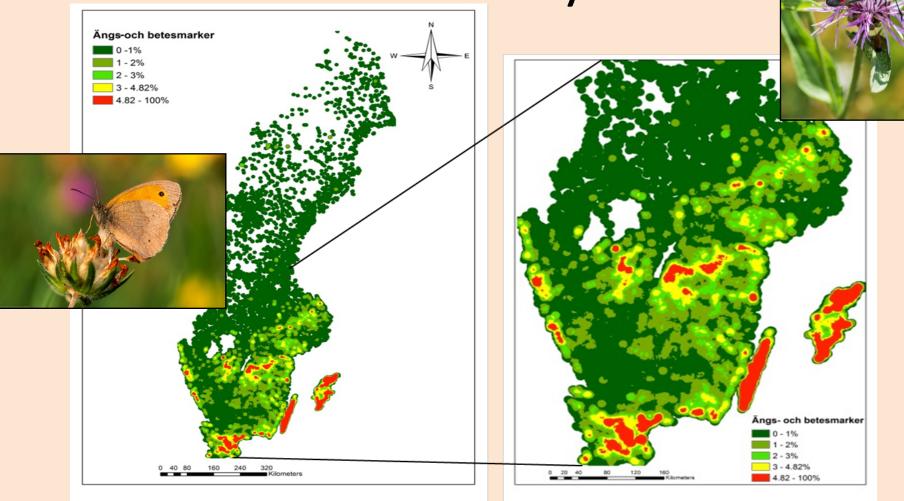
Co-operation



- Grazing associations
- Devision of labor
- Conservation Entrepreneurs with cattle



Value-based Payments





Demands and Possibilities



- Plans, legislation, and bottlenecks
- Consumer awareness and willingness
- Grassland in abundancee and empty barns
- Political will and market forces

